Bribery Hurts Development

In countries where bribery is common, progress on the Millennium Development Goals is slower, depriving people of even the most basic services.*

**% of population who paid a bribe in the past year**
- less than 30%
- 30% - 60%
- more than 60%

**Goal: End Poverty**

**People Living in Poverty**
Percentage of the population living below US$1 a day (PPP) (2009/2010)
- 8%
- 17%
- 38%

**Goal: Environment, Water and Sanitation**

**People Without Access to Toilets**
Percentage of the population using an improved sanitation facility (2011)
- 12%
- 44%
- 61%

**Goal: Gender Equality**

**Girls Missing Out on Education**
Percentage of girls missing secondary education, as compared to boys
- 0%
- 10%
- 20%

**Goal: Education**

**Children Not Finishing School**
Percentage of pupils starting grade 1 who do not reach last grade of primary school (2010/2011)
- 9%
- 18%
- 50%

**Goal: Maternal Health**

**Women Dying in Child Birth**
Average maternal mortality rate per 100,000 live births in 2010
- 45 women
- 221 women
- 482 women

**Goal: Child Health**

**Children Not Living Past Five**
Number of children not living past five years of age per 1,000 live births
- 14 children
- 50 children
- 87 children

*Data for bribery and MDG indicators available at the country level. Sample size for data available: Bribery – 91 countries; Poverty rate – 35 countries; Children finishing primary school – 55 countries; Girls missing secondary school – 71 countries; Under five mortality rate – 92 countries; Maternal mortality rate – 91 countries. Access to toilets – 85 countries. All data for the MDGs is based on available official UN indicators used to track country progress.

**2013 bribery data obtained from Global Corruption Barometer 2013 available at www.transparency.org/gcb2013/in_detail**

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